

Ch 14 The Human Genome Reading Guide

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Ch. 14 The Human Genome

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14.3 Studying the Human Genome

Chapter 14 The Human Genome In order to learn more about humans, biologists often use a karyotype to analyze human chromosomes. A karyotype is a picture of a cell's chromosomes grouped in homologous pairs. Humans have 46 chromosomes. Two of these, X and Y, are sex chromosomes. Females have two X chromosomes (XX). Males have one X and one Y chromosome (XY).

ch14-human_genome - Chapter 14 The Human Genome MULTIPLE ...

The 23 pairs of human chromosomes are arranged from largest to smallest in a . 16. Humans have 22 pairs of . 17. The cause of Down syndrome is during meiosis. 18. Humans have 3 billion base pairs in their . 19. The new field of resulted from the Human Genome Project. C E G I F J H K B D A enzyme pedigree sex-linked gene karyotype autosomes nondisjunction genome

Chapter 14 The Human Genome

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CHAPTER 14 THE HUMAN GENOME

all human egg cells carry a single x chromosome (23,X).However, half of all sperm cells carry (23,X) and half (23,Y). This ensues that half of the fertilized eggs will be 46,XX and 46,XY.

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Prentice Hall Biology Chapter 14: The Human Genome ...

Chapter 14 - The Human Genome The Human Genome Project (HGP) formally began in 1990 and was finished in 2003. The goal was to discover the DNA sequences for all of the 20,000-22,000 genes that are found in human beings. This knowledge is vital for research into genetic disorders and possible genetic solutions to these disorders.

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CHAPTER 14 THE HUMAN GENOME. 14-1 Human Heredity. A. Human chromosomes - chromosomes are analyzed by taking a photograph of condensed chromosomes during mitosis - the chromosomes are then cut out of the photograph and grouped together in pairs - a picture of chromosomes arranged this way is known as a karyotype (See Fig 14-2 pg. 341)

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Chapter 14 The Human Genome Section Review 14-1 1. Two copies of the X chromosome produces a human female. 2. One X and one Y chromosome produce a human male. 3. A sperm cell, which contains either a Y or an X chromosome, determines whether a child is male or female. 4.

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The Human Genome Project was a 13 year, international effort that started in 1990, and whose main goals were to sequence all 3 billion base pairs of human DNA and identify all human genes. Judge the potential impact of the Human Genome Project on both scientific thought and society.

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Information about the human genome can be used to cure genetic disorders by _____. virus In one method of gene therapy, a _____ is used to deliver the normal gene into cells to correct the genetic defects.

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All human egg cells carry a single X chromosome(23,X) however half of all sperm cells carry and X chromosome(23,X) and half carry a Y chromosome(23,Y). What does this ensure That just about half of the zygote will be 46, XX and a half will be 46, XY

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Chapter 14 The Human Genome ANSWER KEY - greinerudsd ...

an international study of the entire human genetic material Why are sex-linked disorders more common in males? females need disorder on 2 x chromosomes. males only need 1; Because sex linked disorder run on the X chromosome and males only have one X chromosome so if ones broken there's bound to be a disorder.

Quia - Chapter 14 "The Human Genome"

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sex chromosome pair found in human males: XX: sex chromosome pair found in human females: pedigree chart: chart that shows genetic relationships within a family: polygenic: traits determined by many genes: albinism: lack of pigment in skin, hair, and eyes caused by recessive gene: cystic fibrosis: excess mucus in lungs caused by recessive gene ...

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